**BOLU ABANT İZZET BAYSAL UNIVERSITY**

**SCHOOL OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES**

**ENGLISH PREPARATORY CLASSES**

**……………….. ACADEMIC YEAR**

**PROFICIENCY EXAM**

**FIRST SESSION**

**READING & WRITING**

**Name & Surname : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Exam Room : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Duration: 90 minutes**

**READING (25 pts)**

**PART I**

**You are going to read 2 different texts. For questions 1 - 16, choose from (A, B, C or D) according to the texts. Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet. (16x1=16 pts.)**

**Text 1. Oscar Wilde: A Life of Wit and Tragedy**

Oscar Wilde, born on October 16, 1854, in Dublin, Ireland, is one of the most famous writers and playwrights of the 19th century. Known for his sharp wit, glamorous personality, and unique perspective on life, Wilde’s works continue to captivate readers and audiences worldwide. His ability to use humor and irony to comment on serious social issues set him apart from other writers of his time.

Wilde grew up in a wealthy and intellectual family. His father, William Wilde, was a renowned surgeon and philanthropist, while his mother, Jane Wilde, was a poet and a supporter of Irish independence. Wilde’s upbringing exposed him to art, culture, and intellectual debates from an early age. His education was equally remarkable. He attended Trinity College in Dublin, where he won a scholarship, and later studied at Oxford University. At Oxford, Wilde excelled in classical studies and won numerous awards for his academic achievements. He also began to develop his distinctive aesthetic philosophy, which emphasized beauty and art for their own sake, a concept known as "art for art’s sake."

Wilde’s literary career was diverse. One of his most famous works is *The Picture of Dorian Gray*, a novel that explores themes of vanity, morality, and the consequences of living a hedonistic life. The story follows a young man who remains physically young and beautiful while his portrait gets old and reflects the corruption of his soul. As a playwright, Wilde gained great success with plays like *The Importance of Being Earnest*, a comedy that cleverly criticizes the ridiculous social norms and hypocrisy. Other notable plays include *An Ideal Husband* and *Lady Windermere’s Fan*, both of which explore themes of love, betrayal, and societal expectations.

Despite his literary success, Wilde’s life was not without controversy. He became a prominent figure in London’s social scene, known for his clever humor and refusal to follow the strict rules of Victorian norms. His open relationships and his critique of Victorian society made him both admired and criticized. In 1895, he was sentenced to two years of hard labor, a punishment that left him physically and emotionally devastated. After his release from prison in 1897, Wilde moved to France, where he lived under the pseudonym Sebastian Melmoth. He used this name in order not to be known. He spent his final years in poverty, writing little and struggling with declining health. Wilde died of meningitis in Paris in 1900, at the age of 46.

Today, Wilde’s legacy remains stronger than ever. His works continue to inspire readers to question societal norms, celebrate individuality, and value the power of art and creativity.

**1. Which of the following is NOT true about Oscar Wilde?**  
 **a)** He was known for his sharp wit and humor.

**b)** He grew up in a rich and educated family.  
 **c)** He is considered similar to the writers of his time.

**d)** He used irony in his works.

**2.** **In what subject did Wilde show great success during his studies at Oxford?**

**a)** Classical studies  **b)** Mathematics

**c)** Philosophy **d)** Economics

**3.** **What philosophy did Oscar Wilde advocate in his works?**  
 **a)** Realism in art **b)** Art for art’s sake

**c)** Postmodernism **d)** Romantic nationalism

**4. Which novel by Oscar Wilde explores the consequences of vanity and hedonism?**  
 **a)** *An Ideal Husband* **b)** *The Picture of Dorian Gray*  
 **c)** *Lady Windermere’s Fan* **d)** *The Importance of Being Earnest*

**5.** **Which of the following is a major theme in Wilde’s play *The Importance of Being Earnest*?**  
 **a)** Greed and corruption **b)** The power of love   
 **c)** The dangers of ambition **d)** The absurdity of social norms

**6. What was Wilde’s attitude toward Victorian society?**  
 **a)** He admired its strict rules.  **b)** He avoided discussing it.  
 **c)** He challenged its values and norms.  **d)** He fully embraced its traditions.

**7.** **Who is Sebastian Melmoth?**   
 **a)** Oscar Wilde himself **b)** Oscar Wilde’s father  
 **c)** A contemporary author of Oscar Wilde **d)** Oscar Wilde’s friend from prison

**8. How did Wilde spend his final years?**  
 **a)** Writing more successful plays **b)** Living in luxury in London  
 **c)** Struggling with poverty and poor health **d)** Teaching at a university

### TEXT 2. *Game of Thrones:* A World of Power, Betrayal, and Dragons

### *Game of Thrones* is one of the most popular television series of all time. It is based on the book series *A Song of Ice and Fire* by George R.R. Martin. The show aired from 2011 to 2019 and became famous for its complex characters, political intrigue, and epic battles.

### The story is set in the fictional continents of Westeros and Essos, where noble families fight for power and control of the Iron Throne, the seat of the king or queen of Westeros. The series begins with the Stark family, who rule the cold and snowy North. Ned Stark, the honorable head of the family, is called to serve as the king’s advisor in the capital city, King’s Landing. This decision sets off a chain of events that changes the lives of the Starks and the entire kingdom.

### Many families, including the Lannisters, Baratheons, and Targaryens, want to rule the Seven Kingdoms and get the Iron Throne. The Lannisters, known for their wealth and cunning, use manipulation and betrayal to gain power. The Targaryens, who were once rulers of Westeros, dream of reclaiming the throne. Daenerys Targaryen, one of the last members of her family, raises three dragons and builds an army to take back the kingdom. The struggle for power is full of alliances, betrayals, and surprises. Some characters are willing to do anything to achieve their goals, while others lose their lives trying to protect what they believe is right.

### While the noble families fight each other, a far greater danger grows in the North. The White Walkers, a race of undead creatures, are preparing to invade the living world. Protected by the Wall, the men of the Night’s Watch try to stop the threat, but they are heavily outnumbered. Jon Snow, a member of the Stark family, becomes a key figure in the fight against the White Walkers.

### *Game of Thrones* explores themes like power, loyalty, and morality. The characters must make difficult decisions, and there is often a fine line between good and evil. Heroes are not always perfect, and villains sometimes have reasons for their actions. The series also shows how power can change people. Some characters, like Daenerys Targaryen, start with good intentions but make decisions that lead to destruction. Others, like Tyrion Lannister, use their intelligence and humor to survive in a world full of danger.

### The final season of *Game of Thrones* received mixed reactions. While some fans appreciated the conclusion of the story, others felt it was rushed and unsatisfying. Despite this, the series remains a cultural phenomenon and has inspired countless discussions, fan theories, and spin-offs like House of the Dragon.

### *Game of Thrones* is not just a story about battles and politics. It’s about family, ambition, and the choices people make when faced with impossible situations. With its unforgettable characters, shocking twists, and rich world-building, it continues to captivate audiences around the world.

**9. What event starts the chain of changes for the Stark family?**  
 **a)** Ned Stark becomes the king.  
 **b)** Ned Stark goes to King’s Landing to serve as the king’s advisor.   
 **c)** The Lannisters attack Winterfell.  
 **d)** The Starks move to Essos.

**10. What is the main goal of the noble families in the story?**  
 **a)** To protect the Wall **b)** To defeat the White Walkers  
 **c)** To claim the Iron Throne **d)** To rule the North

**11. What is the greatest danger that comes from the North?**  
 **a)** The Lannisters **b)** The men of the Night’s Watch  
 **c)** The dragons **d)** The White Walkers

**12. What is NOT true according to the text?**  
 **a)** Jon Snow fights against the White Walkers.

**b)** The White Walkers are a group of undead creatures.  
 **c)** Daenerys Targaryen makes good decisions for everyone.

**d)** Tyrion Lannister is an intelligent man with humor.

**13. What theme of Game of Thrones is NOT mentioned in the text?  
 a)** Honesty **b)** Loyalty **c)** Morality **d)** Power

**14. What happens to some characters who gain power?**  
 **a)** They always help others. **b)** They change and make destructive decisions.   
 **c)** They refuse to rule. **d)** They rule the kingdom in peace.

**15. How did fans feel about the final season?**  
 **a)** Everyone loved it. **b)** Everyone hated it.  
 **c)** Some liked it while others found it disappointing. **d)** They wanted it to be changed.

**16. What is one reason Game of Thrones is worth watching?**  
 **a)** It only focuses on battles. **b)** It has unforgettable characters.  
 **c)** It shows people’s right choices. **d)** It shows how a kingdom should be ruled.

**PART II**

**You are going to read a text. For questions 17-21, choose (A) for TRUE, (B) for FALSE. Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet. (5x1=5 pts.)**

**Text 3.** **Henry VIII: A Famous and Controversial King**

Henry VIII, who ruled England from 1509 to 1547, is one of the country’s most famous and debated monarchs. He is remembered for his six marriages, his break from the Catholic Church, and the significant changes he made to England’s religion and politics.

At first, Henry was a strong supporter of the Catholic Church, but his desire for a male heir (son) led to a serious conflict with the Church. Henry’s first wife, Catherine of Aragon, gave him a daughter, but no sons. Henry wanted to divorce Catherine and marry Anne Boleyn, but the Pope refused this.

In response, Henry decided to break away from the Catholic Church. In 1534, he passed the Act of Supremacy and became the Supreme Head of the Church of England. This allowed him to control religious matters and approve his own divorce. This decision marked the beginning of the English Reformation, a period of major changes in religion and society.

Henry’s personal life was full of drama and tragedy. He married six times. Two of his wives were executed. Two others were divorced. Jane Seymour died shortly after giving birth to Henry’s only son, Edward. His final wife, Catherine Parr, was the only wife who survived. Despite all his efforts, Henry had only one son, Edward VI, but he could reign the country for only a few years after his father’s death and died young. Henry’s daughters, Mary and Elizabeth, both became queens, and Elizabeth is remembered as one of England’s greatest rulers. Henry VIII is often criticized for being selfish and cruel, but his reign had a lasting impact on England.

**17.** Henry’s first wife, Catherine of Aragon, didn’t give him a son. **A)** T **B)** F

**18.** Henry VIII’s separation from the Catholic Church started the English Reformation. **A)** T **B)** F

**19.** Henry VIII had six wives, and all of them were executed. **A)** T **B)** F

**20**. Henry’s son, Edward VI, ruled England for many years after Henry’s death. **A)** T **B)** F

**21.** Henry VIII didn’t have much effect on English history. **A)** T **B)** F

**PART III**

**You are going to read 4 different paragraphs. For questions 22 - 25, match the paragraphs with the main ideas (A, B, C or D). Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet. (4x1=4 pts.)**

**A.** Technology improves education opportunities

**B.** Technology creates risks for privacy

**C.** Technology allows flexible working practices

**D.** Technology can reduce real human contact

**22. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  
Today, many companies allow their employees to work from home. Thanks to video calls and online platforms, people can join meetings and share documents easily. This way of working saves time because workers do not need to travel to the office every day. However, it also requires good time management, since working from home can sometimes be distracting.

**23. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  
Although technology makes life easier, it also leads to problems with privacy. Every time people shop online or use social media, they leave behind personal information. Companies and websites can collect this data and sometimes share it without permission. For this reason, many people are becoming more careful about how much information they share online.

**24. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  
Technology has also changed education. Today, students can attend online classes, watch video lessons, and use digital tools to practice skills. They can even join international courses and meet classmates from other countries. This makes education more flexible, especially for people who can’t travel or go to school every day.

**25. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**  
Technology connects people across the world, but it also has a negative side. Many people spend long hours on their phones or computers instead of meeting friends face to face. This can sometimes cause feelings of isolation and loneliness, even though people are “connected” online all the time.

**WRITING** **(25 pts)**

**PART I**

**Read the sentences and complete them meaningfully. Write at least 3 words. (10x1=10 pts)**

**1.** Even though my teacher was a strict woman, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**2.** I came back home very late last night. Therefore, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**3.** I’m flying to Ankara next week in order to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**4**. I don’t like people who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**5.** If\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I wouldn’t have broken up with him.

**6**. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as soon as he saw me.

**7.** She doesn’t know when \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**8.** After I had realized my mistake, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**9.** We’ve cancelled the trip to France because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**10.** I wonder whether \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**PART II**

**You are going to read seven different situations. Read them carefully and write a meaningful answer for each. Write at least 5 words. (7x1=7 pts)**

**1.** Your friend looks sad about something, and you don’t know what it is. What do you ask?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**2.** You missed a meeting because you were stuck in the elevator. How do you explain it to your boss?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**3.** A friend invites you to go out, but you have other plans. How do you politely refuse the invitation?

­­\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**4.** You see someone struggling to carry heavy bags. How do you offer to help?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**5.** You can’t find where Boston Café is. How do you ask for the direction?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**6.** You are at a restaurant, but the food you ordered has not arrived for a long time. What do you say to the waiter?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**7.** You are buying clothes, but the size is too small. What do you ask the shop assistant?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**PART III**

**Read the topics and given information below and write a paragraph on ONE of the topics. You can use the given ideas in paranthesis or you can use your own ideas. (80-120 words) (8 pts)**

**1. The effects of hobbies on a person’s life***(improve mental health / reduce stress / develop new skills / build social connections etc.)*

**2. Your dream job** *(explain why you want it, what skills it requires, and how it will affect your future.)*

**3. The importance of planning your day** *(save time, help you focus, prevent forgetting, improve productivity etc.)*

***TOPIC \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_***

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